#### TASK FORCE ON KAI TAK HARBOURFRONT DEVELOPMENT

For information on 18 Oct 11

TFKT/18/2011

## KAI TAK DEVELOPMENT PROGRESS REPORT AS OF SEPTEMBER 2011

#### **PURPOSE**

This paper provides an overview of the latest progress of the Kai Tak Development (KTD).

#### BACKGROUND

2. KTD is a huge and highly complex development project spanning a total planning area of over 320 hectares and covering the ex-airport site together with the adjoining hinterland districts of Kowloon City, Wong Tai Sin and Kwun Tong. It is our vision to develop KTD into "a distinguished, vibrant, attractive and people-oriented community by the Victoria Harbour".

#### **CURRENT SITUATION**

3. The updated programme chart is at **Annex A**. The following are highlights of the latest progress -

#### Projects Planned for Completion in 2013

4. Since the approval of the Kai Tak Outline Zoning Plan (OZP) in November 2007, the implementation of KTD has been in full swing. The construction of key projects targeted for completion in 2013 is progressing well. The key projects include the cruise terminal building together with the first berth at the former runway, the early phase of district cooling system, the public housing development and the advance infrastructure supporting these projects. A location plan showing the above projects is at **Annex B**.

## Urban Design Enhancement Proposal

- 5. The urban design enhancement proposals for KTD feature the relocation of roads away from the waterfront and the provision of a 30-metre-wide Preservation Corridor for preservation of the remnants of Lung Tsun Stone Bridge. We consulted, this Task Force, Kowloon City District Council (DC), Wong Tai Sin DC, Kwun Tong DC, the Antiquities Advisory Board and the Town Planning Board about the proposals and who were generally supportive. The Planning Department gazetted the relevant OZP amendments for public inspection on 26 August 2011 for a period of two months.
- 6. Please refer to Paper No. TFKT/19/2011<sup>1</sup> of this meeting on the OZP amendment for detail.

## Integration and Connection with Adjacent Districts

- 7. To assess the feasibility of the Kai Tak Environmentally Friendly Linkage System (EFLS) proposal, we commenced a consultancy in end 2009 to study the engineering, environmental, financial and operational aspects of the proposal, as well as the scope of extending the EFLS beyond KTD to adjacent districts so as to enhance integration and revitalisation. The Development Bureau issued a set of two pamphlets regarding a preliminary idea of EFLS and its catalytic effect on regeneration of Kowloon Bay and Kwun Tong on 13 October 2011. A copy of the pamphlets is at **Annex C**.
- 8. We are planning to conduct public consultation on the findings of the consultancy study in early to mid 2012 tentatively.

#### Kai Tak Government Offices

9. The proposed Kai Tak Government Offices will provide Government services to both the existing population in the hinterland areas, such as San Po Kong and Kowloon City, and the new population in

Paper No. TFKT/19/2011 entitled "Amendments to the Approved Kai Tak Outline Zoning Plan No. S/K22/2"

KTD at an early stage. The Architectural Services Department has invited tenders for the project and is conducting the tender assessment. It is targeted to start the contract in December 2011 for substantial completion in 2014.

## Kwun Tong Waterfront Promenade

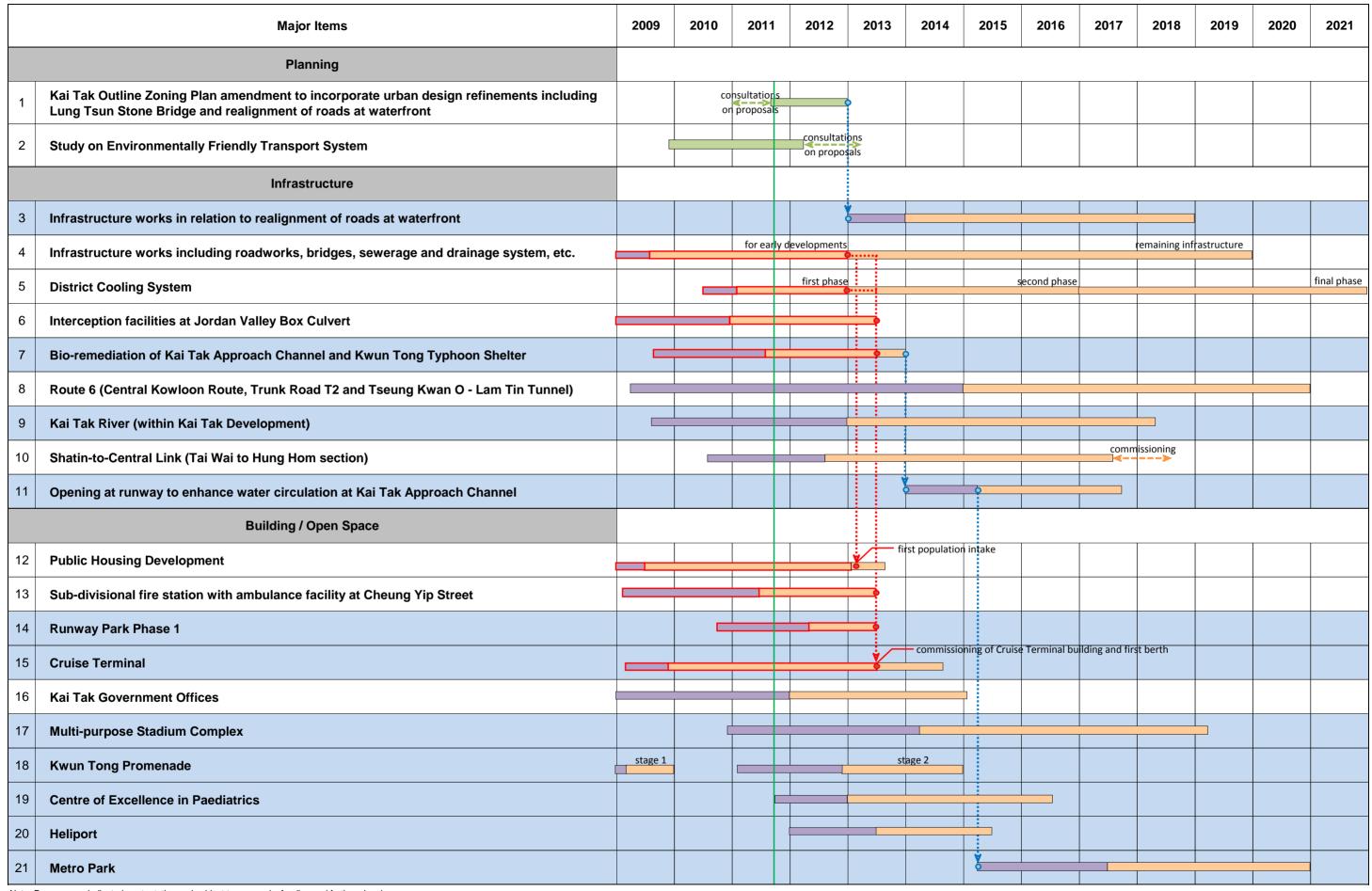
10. Stage 1 of the project was completed in late 2009 providing a 200-metre-long promenade, which was opened for public enjoyment in January 2010. Stage 2 of the project will involve the footprint of the Kwun Tong Public Cargo Working Area, which was closed down in August 2011. The project design has commenced with a view to completing the project in end 2014.

#### **CONCLUSION**

11. Members are invited to note the latest programme, progress and key activities.

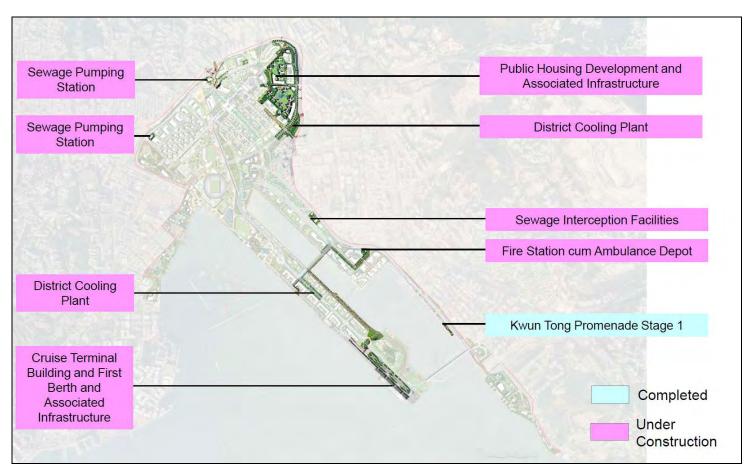
Civil Engineering and Development Department October 2011

# Task Force on Kai Tak Harbourfront Development Kai Tak Development - Programme Chart (as of September 2011)



# Task Force on Kai Tak Harbourfront Development

#### Annex B



**Projects Planned for Completion in 2013** 

(Item Nos. 4 to 6, 12 to 13, 15 & 18 of Programme Chart)



# 香港的 CBD²

九龍東包括啟德機場舊址、觀塘和九龍灣。在香港製造業的全盛時期,九龍東見證了一個重要的工業基地的迅速發展,不僅創造了數以十萬計的職位,亦推動了香港的繁榮欣盛。隨着機場遷往赤鱲角、香港製造業的基地北移,這區失去了一些舊有的活力,留下大量未有被充分使用的工業大廈。另一方面,隨著香港金融及服務業持續興旺,很多跨國公司都在香港設立區域總部和區域辦事處,香港傳統的商業中心區已無法應付這些公司對優質辦公室的需求。一些私人發展商憑着敏鋭的市場觸覺,把握時機,率先在九龍東進行發展,興建了一些高級的商業大廈和購物中心。區內已有約140萬平方米的辦公室落成。

隨著國家「十二五」規劃表明支持香港鞏固其作為國際金融、貿易、航運中心的地位,亦支持香港發展成為國際資產管理中心和離岸人民幣業務中心,香港在全球的影響力將日益增大。為了充分利用內地迅速發展的機遇,並維持香港的地位和長遠發展,穩定而充足的優質辦公室供應至為關鍵。

在 2011 至 12 年的施政報告中,行政長官宣布會採用富遠見、相互協調的綜合模式,加快把九龍東轉型 為另一個具吸引力的商業區,以支持香港的經濟發展。具體而言,有關的工作將涉及土地用途檢討、 城市設計、加強連繫及相關的基建設施。

#### 政府的措施

自 2010 年 4 月以來,我們已採取活化香港工業大廈的措施。截至 2011 年 8 月,當局批准了33 幢工業大廈進行整幢改裝/重建的申請,其中16 幢位於觀塘和九龍灣。這些工業大廈會重建或改裝作辦公室、商鋪和服務行業及酒店。

在啟德發展項目的320公頃土地中,可建約106萬平方米總樓面面積的土地已規劃作辦公室。我們將興建啟德政府合署,並計劃把其他政府辦公大樓遷往啟德。啟德發展項目另有80萬平方米總樓面面積規劃作零售和酒店用途,還有約33,200個公營和私營房屋單位、國際郵輪碼頭、體育和旅遊設施,將會增加該區的人流,並注入多元發展。加上觀塘和九龍灣的168公頃土地,九龍東有龐大潛力打造成為香港一個充滿活力的主要商業區。

# Hong Kong's CBD<sup>2</sup>

Kowloon East is an area comprising the former Kai Tak Airport, Kwun Tong and Kowloon Bay. This area witnessed the rapid growth of an important industrial base in the heyday of Hong Kong's manufacturing industry, creating hundreds of thousands of jobs and propelling Hong Kong's prosperity. Following relocation of the Airport to Chek Lap Kok and our manufacturing base to the Mainland, this area has lost some of its past vibrancy, leaving a huge stock of industrial buildings not being fully utilised. On the other hand, with the booming in Hong Kong's financial and service sectors as well as large numbers of regional headquarters and regional offices of multi-national companies setting their foot in Hong Kong, the demand for quality office can no longer be met by our traditional Central Business District (CBD). Thanks to good market sense and first-mover initiatives of some private developers, high grade office buildings and retail centres are emerging in Kowloon East. About 1.4 million m² office space have been completed.

The National 12<sup>th</sup> Five-Year Plan has given support to Hong Kong's position as an international financial, trade and shipping centre, and support for Hong Kong's development as an international asset management centre and an offshore Renminbi (RMB) business centre, increasing her impact on a global scale. To capitalize on the fast-growing opportunities of the Mainland and sustain Hong Kong's position and longer term development, a steady and adequate supply of quality office space is pivotal.

In his 2011-12 Policy Address, the Chief Executive announced that we will adopt a visionary, co-ordinated and integrated approach to expedite the transformation of Kowloon East into an attractive, alternative central business district to support Hong Kong's economic development. Specifically, this will involve land use review, urban design, improved connectivity and the associated infrastructure.

## **Government Initiatives**

Since April 2010, we have introduced measures to revitalise industrial buildings in Hong Kong. By end August 2011, 33 applications have been approved for wholesale conversion or redevelopment and 16 of them are in Kwun Tong and Kowloon Bay. These industrial buildings will be redeveloped or converted into offices, shops and services, and hotels.

About 1.06 million m² of office space has been planned for within the 320 hectare Kai Tak Development (KTD). We are building a Kai Tak Government Office and are planning to relocate other government office buildings to Kai Tak. With another 0.8 million m² of retail and hotel accommodation planned, some 33,200 public and private housing units, an international cruise terminal, sports and tourism facilities, KTD will inject development density and diversity into the area. Together with 168 hectares in Kwun Tong and Kowloon Bay, Kowloon East has great potential to evolve into a vibrant premier business district in Hong Kong.

#### 行動區

#### 行動區 1 一 海濱道重建項目

我們建議把現有的廢物回收中心及驗車中心遷往其他地點,以騰出約6.4公頃的政府土地,發展成全新的活力樞紐,提供辦公室、展覽/會議設施、酒店/服務式住宅及零售/娛樂場所。擬議的啟德環保連接系統的車站及車廠亦會設於這個行動區內,令此小區成為九龍東的連接樞紐。

#### 行動區 2 — 觀塘渡輪碼頭海旁發展項目

我們建議為巴士總站加設上蓋,以關設公共休憩空間及戶外表演場地。發展項目內將設有擬議環保連接系統的車站,以加強連繫。此碼頭區將建成新的樞紐,設有小型辦公室、藝術創作室、娛樂場所、 畫廊、零售專門店及沿海濱長廊食肆,以配合日後在啟德跑道公園發展的旅遊樞紐。

此外,我們會善用觀塘及九龍灣內多幅總面積約為5公頃的政府土地,以配合整區的轉型。

#### 面對的挑戰

雖然觀塘及九龍灣的傳統製造業活動大多已遷離,但這些舊工業區內仍存在許多經濟活動。因此,在這些工業區再作轉型時,我們必須小心處理。現時區內許多分層工業大廈業權分散,可能會為加快重建工業大廈或改裝整幢工業大廈的工作帶來另外一項挑戰。

#### 落實工作

我們計劃在發展局成立新的九龍東發展辦事處,由多類專業人士組成,負責督導和監察香港這項極 為重要的策略性發展,致力實現九龍東願景。

香港特別行政區政府新聞處設計 政府物流服務署印(採用環保油黑及再选紙印製)

#### **Action Areas**

#### Action Area 1 — Hoi Bun Road Redevelopment

We propose to relocate the existing waste recycling centre and vehicle examination centres to release some 6.4 hectares of government land for the development of a new vibrant node for offices, exhibition/conference facilities, hotel/service apartments and retail/entertainment outlets. With the location of the proposed EFLS station and depot connecting to Kai Tak at this site, it will become the linkage hub of Kowloon East.

#### Action Area 2 — Kwun Tong Ferry Pier Waterfront Development

We propose to deck over the bus terminus to provide public open space and outdoor performance area. A station of the proposed EFLS is proposed to be located within the development to enhance connectivity. The area will become a new hub for small offices, artist workshops, entertainment, gallery and specialty retail and restaurants along the waterfront promenade to complement the tourism node to be developed at Kai Tak Runway Park.

In addition, we will make good use of government sites in Kwun Tong and Kowloon Bay totaling some 5 hectares to support the transformation.

#### Challenges

While most traditional manufacturing activities in Kwun Tong and Kowloon Bay have moved out, there are still a lot of economic activities in these former industrial areas. We need to handle the further transformation of the area carefully. The present fragmented ownership in many existing flatted industrial buildings in the area may present a further challenge to their speedy redevelopment or wholesale conversion.

#### **Implementation**

We intend to set up a new multi-disciplinary Kowloon East Development Office (KEDO) in Development Bureau to steer and monitor this highly strategic and significant development for Hong Kong, and champion for the goals we have set for Kowloon East.

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# Catalytic Effect on Regeneration of Kowloon Bay and Kwun Tong

As a modern and convenient intra-district connector, the EFLS will help reduce the amount of traffic on roads and provide catalytic effect to the regeneration of Kowloon Bay and Kwun Tong into a central business district, in line with our vision for Kowloon East.

We welcome your views on these exciting opportunities.

## 催化九龍灣及觀塘重新發展

環保連接系統作為一個現代化和便捷的區內連接系統,不但能減少路面交通流量,更能配合 我們的九龍東願景,催化九龍灣及觀塘轉化為一個核心商業區。

歡迎你對這個難得的發展機遇提出寶貴意見。







Environmentally Friendly Linkas

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香港特別行政區政府新聞處設計 政府物流服務署印 (採用環保油墨及再造紙印製)



啟德機場於1998年關閉 Kai Tak Airport decommissioned in 1998

# Kai Tak Development— a green web for sustainable development

On 6 July 1998, Kai Tak retired from being an airport after its 77-year service. In late 2007, the Chief Executive-in-Council approved the Kai Tak Outline Zoning Plan (OZP), formulated with the benefit of a two-year three-stage public engagement exercise. The plan envisages turning Kai Tak into a distinguished, vibrant, attractive and people-oriented community by the Victoria Harbour. In March 2010, we set up the Kai Tak Office. To date, works to build public rental housing, an international cruise terminal, a seawater district cooling system and supporting infrastructure are in progress. In August 2011, we proposed refinements to the OZP to incorporate conservation of Lung Tsun Stone Bridge and improved urban design. We are now ready to take the Kai Tak vision one major step forward via an Environmentally Friendly Linkage System (EFLS).

## 啟德發展計劃─可持續發展的綠化網絡

1998年7月6日,啟德這個服務香港七十七年的機場,完成了它的歷史任務。2007年年底行政長官會同行政會議通過《啟德分區計劃大綱圖》,《大綱圖》反映市民在經歷兩年的三個階段公眾參與活動中表達的意見,願景是將啟德發展成為一個維港畔富有特色、朝氣蓬勃、優美動人及與民共享的社區。2010年3月,我們成立了啟德辦事處。目前,啟德發展區內的公共房屋、國際郵輪碼頭、海水區域供冷系統和其他配套基礎設施正在全力興建中。此外,在2011年8月,我們就保育龍津石橋及優化城市設計,提出就《大綱圖》的修訂建議。現在,我們期望藉著「環保連接系統」、使啟德的發展願景再向前邁進一步。



高架行人道之上 Above elevated walkway



環保連接系統走線圖

# Environmentally Friendly Linkage System – enhancing connectivity

For better public accessibility to attractions in the Kai Tak Development (KTD), as well as enhanced connectivity of its living and working populations to the Kowloon hinterland, an environmentally friendly, comfortable and efficient intra-district linkage system is necessary. Befitting Kai Tak's green vision, a rail-based transit system with no carbon emission along its passage and which consumes much less energy than diesel buses was included in the OZP for further investigation. Our investigations reveal that an elevated rail-based link in the form of a monorail serving the KTD will not only meet the connectivity requirements, but also create a unique landmark in Hong Kong with high tourism appeal. The EFLS is a 9-km 12-station line linking the Mass Transit Railway (MTR) Kowloon Bay Station, through Wang

Kwong Road to the KTD Station Square of the future Shatin to Central Link, and then all the way along the former runway before crossing the Kwun Tong Typhoon Shelter at the tip of the runway via a bridge and ending at the MTR Kwun Tong Station (Alignment Plan refers).

We will consult the public on the above monorail system together with other feasible EFLS options.

### 環保連接系統 — 加強連繫

為了讓公眾更便利到達啟德發展區內各個景點,和加強區內居住和工作人口與九龍腹地的連繫,一個環保、舒適及有效率的連接系統是必要的。在啟德的綠色願景下,《大綱圖》內已包含了一個在走線上零碳排放及比柴油巴士節省能源的鐵路系統作進一步研究。我們的研究結果顯示,一個以單軌列車模式於啟德發展區運行的高架鐵路系統,不但能滿足區內暢達的功能,亦為香港增添極具旅遊吸引力的特色。這個全長9公里,共12個站的環保連接系統,將連接港鐵九龍灣站,途經宏光道及未來沙田至中環線啟德車站廣場,沿前跑道運行再在跑道末端以橋樑橫跨觀塘避風塘至港鐵觀塘站(參閱走線圖)。

我們即將就上述單軌列車方案及其他可行環保連接系統諮詢公眾。